neat



NEAT – A New Evolutive API and Transport-Layer Architecture for the Internet

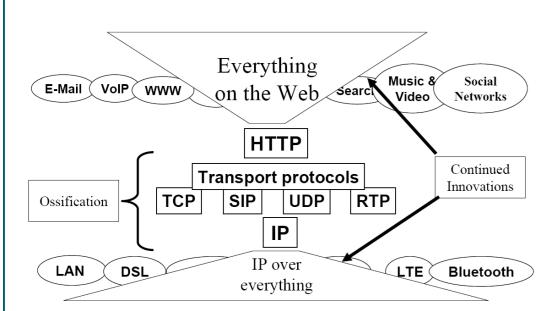
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Internet Transport is Ossified



Reasons:

- Middleboxes, e.g., NATs
- The Sockets API
- Obsolete IP options
- ...

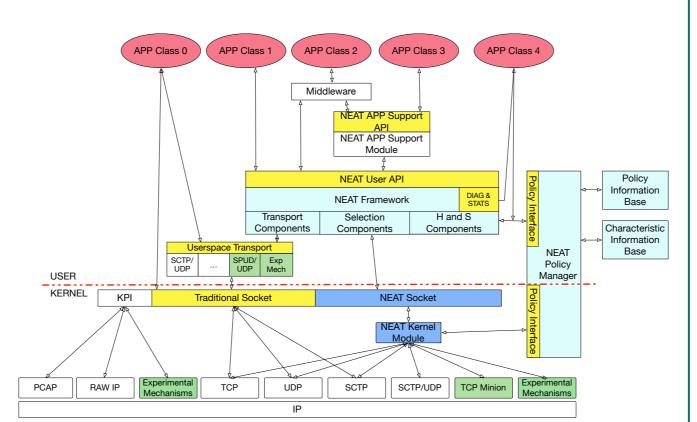
Point Solutions

- Virtual network overlays
 - -Hide the underlying network from the transport
- Application-layer transport enhancements (e.g., middleware)
 - Fairly complex and limited scope
- Application-level transport protocols (e.g., QUIC)
 - Target a particular category of applications
- Sockets API extensions
 - Not deployable and evolvable

New Transport

- Deployable
 - Independent of particular software and technologies
- Evolvable
 - Permit parts (e.g., protocols) to be added as needed
 - Loose coupling of parts
- Flexible API
 - Higher abstraction level than the Sockets API
 - -Offers a *transport service*

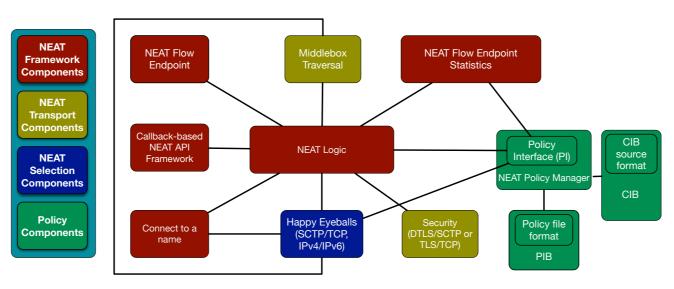
Overview NEAT Architecture



Two parts:

- High-Level Transport System
 - Often uses low-level transport system
- Low-Level Transport System
 - Essential for the creation, utilisation, and evolution of NEAT

Low-Level Transport System



Remarks:

- NEAT Flow Endpoint ≈ TCB
- NEAT Logic orchestrates the transport system
- NEAT Policy components administer application and network policies and comprise:
 - NEAT Policy Manager
 - Policy Information Base (PIB)
 - Characteristics Information Base (CIB)
- *Connect to a name* is the NEAT address resolver and provide the following features:
 - Asynchronous DNS lookup
 - Address monitoring
- Multi-homing support
- Private network marking
- *Happy Eyeballs* handles transport selection

NEAT API Framework

- Implements a callback-based API
- The base is an event loop
- Built on top of libuv

NEAT API Example

```
static struct neat_flow_operations ops;
static neat_error_code
on_error(struct neat_flow_operations *opCB)
    exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
static neat_error_code
on_connected(struct neat_flow_operations *opCB)
   opCB->on_all_written = on_all_written;
   opCB->on_readable = on_readable;
   return NEAT_OK;
main(int argc, char *argv[])
    if ((ctx = neat_init_ctx()) == NULL) {
        debug_error("could not initialise context");
        result = EXIT_FAILURE;
        goto cleanup;
    // new neat flow
    if ((flow = neat_new_flow(ctx)) == NULL) {
        debug_error("neat_new_flow");
        result = EXIT_FAILURE;
        goto cleanup;
   // set callbacks
   ops.on_connected = on_connected;
   ops.on_error = on_error;
    if (neat_set_operations(ctx, flow, &ops)) {
        debug_error("neat_set_operations");
        result = EXIT_FAILURE;
        goto cleanup;
   // wait for on_connected or on_error to be invoked
    if (neat_open(ctx, flow, argv[argc - 2],
        argv[argc - 1]) == NEAT_OK)
        neat_start_event_loop(ctx, NEAT.RUN.DEFAULT);
        debug_error("neat_open");
result = EXIT_FAILURE;
        goto cleanup;
```

Ongoing and Future Work

- Implement libNEAT library
- Evaluate performance of libNEAT
 - -E.g., Happy Eyeballs
- Transport Protocol Enhancements
 - E.g., multipath scheduling
- Transport System Extensions
 - E.g., transport selection